Torta delle Nonna



Ingredients:

For the pasta frolla

- 300 grams Italian 00 flour or all-purpose flour
- 8 grams <u>lievito Pane degli Angeli</u>, or 3/4 teaspoon baking powder
- 150 grams sugar
- 175 grams butter
- Zest of one lemon

For the pastry cream filling

- 3 egg yolks
- 100 grams sugar
- 3 cups whole milk
- 1/2 of a vanilla bean, or 1 tsp natural vanilla extract
- 3 heaping tablespoons flour

For the topping

- 100 grams of pine nuts
- Powdered sugar

Equipment:

You can get by without any of these gadgets and bakeware, but having them will simplify things when making a torta della nonna.

- <u>Digital food scale</u> that converts from pounds and ounces to kilograms and grams. In Italian recipes, ingredients are listed in grams. It's so much easier and more precise than volume-based units of measure.
- <u>Zester</u>. Lemon and orange zest are staples in Italian baking. If you don't have one, a zester is a worthwhile addition to your repertoire of kitchen tools.
- <u>Tart pan with a removable bottom</u>. You can make a crostata di frutta in any bakeware you like, but a 9" tart pan with fluted edges and a removable bottom is extra convenient and makes for a very pretty crostata.

Instructions:

Prepare the pasta frolla

- 1. Add the flour, lievito Pane degli Angeli or baking powder, sugar, butter, egg yolks, and lemon zest to a mixing bowl.
- 2. Mix on medium speed with a stand mixer until the dough is combined.
- 3. Using a kitchen scale, divide the dough into two equal parts.
- 4. Shape each part into a ball, cover in plastic wrap, and refrigerate.

Prepare the crema pasticcera

- 1. Add the egg yolks and sugar to a small saucepan and stir until well-mixed.
- 2. Slowly add the milk to the eggs and sugar, stining constantly until well mixed.
- 3. Add the seeds of half a vanilla bean or the vanilla extract, and place over low heat.
- 4. Using a tea strainer, slowly add the flour to the liquid, stirring vigorously with a wire whisk to incorporate all the flour.
- 5. Increase the heat to medium-lowVI O and stir the pastry cream continuously until it thickens and comes to a boil.
- 6. Remove the cream from heat, cover the surface of the cream with a piece of wax paper or parchment paper to keep a film from forming on top, and allow it to cool.

Assemble the torta

- 1. Preheat the oven to 350° F (180° C).
- 2. Prepare a 24 cm/9-10 in tart pan with butter and flour.
- 3. Place the pine nuts in a bowl of water.
- 4. Remove the pasta frolla from the refrigerator and sprinkle flour on a smooth surface.
- 5. Roll out one piece of dough until it is big enough to fill the base and sides of your tart pan.
- 6. Line the tart pan with the rolled-out dough, pressing it in so that it is equal in thickness on the bottom and on the sides.
 - Trim any excess dough around the rim of the pan. Pierce the bottom of the crust a few times with a fork.
- 7. Pour the pastry cream on top of the crust and spread it smooth.
- 8. Roll out the second piece of dough until it is just larger than the tart pan.
- 9. Place the disk of dough on top of the crostata. Carefully pinch the top and bottom edges together to seal the crust. Make a few small cuts into the top of the crust.
- 10. Use a pastry brush to gently dampen the top of the crust with water.
- 11. Drain the pine nuts and sprinkle them on top of the crust.
- 12. Bake at 350° F (180° C) for approximately 40 minutes.
- 13. Let the crostata cool completely and use a tea strainer to dust it with powdered sugar before serving.

Notes:

Italian OO flour, such as <u>Antimo Caputo Double Zero Flour</u>, is ideal, but all-purpose flour will work fine. <u>Lievito Pane degli Angeli</u> is an Italian leavening agent used in many Italian baked goods. Made of baking soda, baking powder, and vanilla aroma, you can substitute baking powder if you need to, but we buy a few boxes of Pane degli Angeli at a time and keep it on hand for our Italian baking.